# LONDON BOROUGH OF HAMMERSMITH & FULHAM HOMELESS HEALTH FACTSHEET



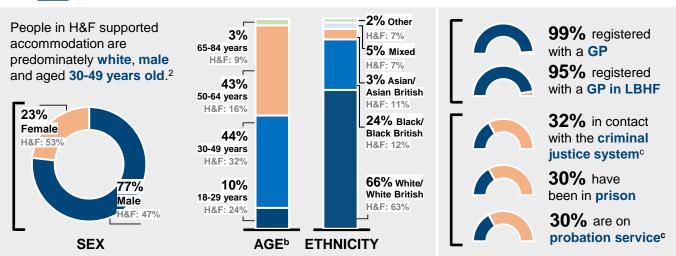


III health is both a cause and effect of homelessness. People experiencing homelessness are particularly vulnerable to illness, injury, and unhealthy lifestyles and often struggle to access health services, leading to some of the poorest health outcomes, including life expectancy, in the population.

## CONTEXT

This factsheet offers a snapshot of the health of people experiencing homelessness in Hammersmith & Fulham, summarising responses to a questionnaire sent out to 125 people in the supported accommodation pathway for rough sleepers, as of mid-December 2023. This includes people in hostels and semi-independent housing. Data may not fully reflect the health of the current rough sleeping population, of which there are 3 to 7 individuals on any given night in the borough.<sup>1, a</sup> However, given the fluidity of this population, and efficient engagement with support accommodation, significant overlap between the surveyed group in terms of health status is expected.

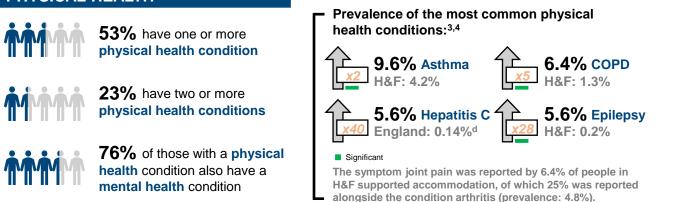




## LONG-TERM CONDITIONS

79% of people in H&F supported accommodation have at least one long-term condition (including both physical and mental conditions and disabilities), compared to 35% of GP registered patients residing within LBHF.<sup>3</sup>

## PHYSICAL HEALTH



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#### MENTAL HEALTH

#### Prevalence of mental health conditions:

67% in H&F supported accommodation population

**25%** of GP registered patients residing within LBHF<sup>3</sup>

Of those in H&F supported accommodation with a mental health condition:

**34%** are under the care of a community mental health team<sup>c</sup>

**20%** have a history of being a mental health inpatient

**59%** of those with a **mental health condition** also have a **physical health condition** 



In the H&F supported

84% have a known

5% have a history

**11%** have no

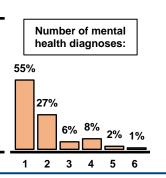
substance misuse issue

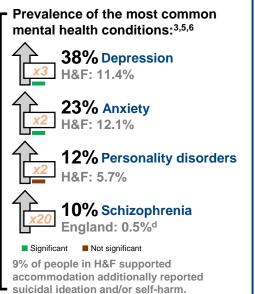
substance misuse issue

of a substance misuse issue

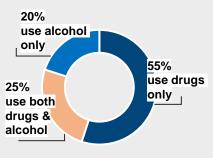
accommodation population:

### SUBSTANCE MISUSE



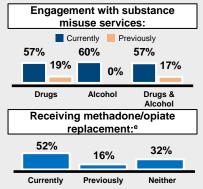


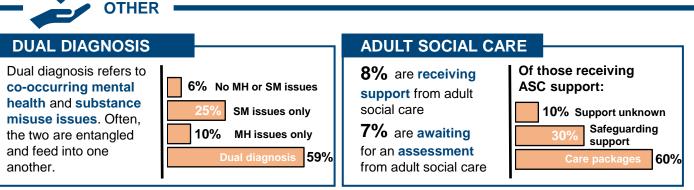
# Of those with a known substance misuse issue:



78% are actively using

# Of those with a substance misuse issue who are still using:





Footnotes: [a] Snapshot data from Autumn 2021-22; [b] LBHF age figures represent a proportion of the total population, including those under 18 years; [c] Currently or previously; [d] Statistical significance not calculated due to lack of LBHF comparator; [e] Of those applicable. References: 1. GOV.UK, 2023. End Rough Sleeping Data Framework; 2. ONS, 2021. Census 2021 Data; 3. Whole Systems Integrated Care Dashboards for North West London Collaboration Clinical Commissioning Groups, 2024. Population Health Overview; 4. UKHSA, 2024. Hepatitis C in England; 5. NHS Digital, 2014. Adult Psychiatric Morbidity Survey: Survey of Mental Health and Wellbeing. 6. Institute of Public Care, 2024, Projecting Adult Needs and Service Information. Factsheet created: January 2024.