Palace Riverside Ward Profile 2018

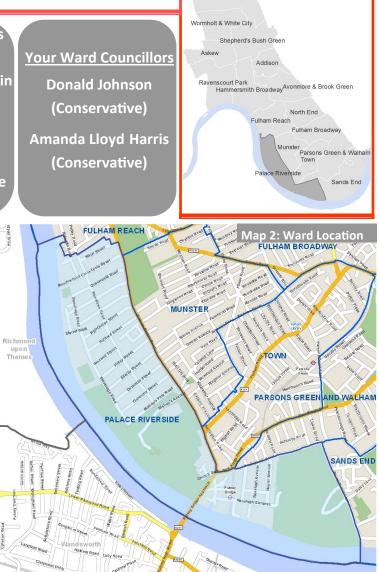
This profile brings together some of the key data sources that help to define the characteristics of an area, the population it contains and the key issues it faces. The main themes covered are: population, health, deprivation, crime, education and qualifications, housing tenure, economic activity and local economy.

Given the breadth of data sets included in the profile, the dates of the information ranging from 2011 to 2018.

Affluence

The ward is very affluent area. The overall population is middle-aged and elderly, single, healthy and skilled. A high proportion of the population work in well paid professional jobs mainly in scientific and technical or financial and insurance activity sectors.

- 63% of residents are of working age. The structure of the population has slightly changed over the last seven years which demonstrates that the population is not as transient as over the previous two decades
- Foreign-born residents made up 34% of the ward population. A high proportion were born in France, Australia, Republic of Ireland, United States and Italy
- The ward has the lowest proportion of households that have no people who speak English as a first language
- 88% of residents declared themselves in good or very good health
- A half of all people aged 16+ were living as a couple; this is the highest proportion in H&F
- 58% are owner-occupiers and 28% rent privately
- The proportion of households without a use of car or a van stands at 36%; this is the lowest proportion among all wards
- 56% of residents have a level 4 qualification (degree level)
- 68% of residents are in employment (16% are selfemployed)
- 51% of employed residents are working as managers, directors, senior officials or in professional occupations
- The largest source of employment is the professional, scientific and technical activities sector (20%)



College Park & Old Oak

hammersmith & fulham

Pockets of Deprivation

Even though the ward is generally very affluent there still exists some deprived areas particularly Robert Owen House which suffer from multiple interlinked problems. Generally these areas are characterised by:

- Low skills
- Unemployment and worklessness
- Low incomes
- Social or council rented housing
- Low skilled occupations
- Health issues

The ward is made up of 5 Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs). One LSOA is ranked within the 60% most deprived nationally.

There are seven deprivation 'domains' within the IMD 2015 and the highest scores for the ward are in the Living Environment, Crime, and Barriers to Housing and Services domains.

Produced by: Business Intelligence Team (PSR) October 2018

LBHF

Who We Are

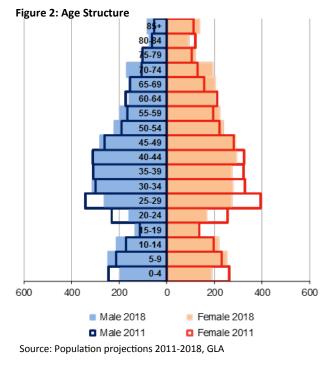
Population Overview

In 2018 there were an estimated **7,321** people living in the ward. Since 2011 Census, there has been a decrease in the population by **2.2% (-162 people);** this is the fifth highest decrease among H&F wards (Borough average +0.9%).

From the age / gender pyramid, it is clear that the population in the ward is different from other H&F wards with much larger proportion of people aged **50+**. Since the 2011 Census, there has been slight change in the structure of the population within the ward which indicates that the population was not as transient as 7 years ago with fewer working age people moving into the area for work before moving out later on in life.

There are slightly more females (**51.6%**) than males (**48.4%**). The ward is the second least densely populated in H&F with a density of **64** people per hectare (Borough 112pph).

During the day the population increases to **6,461** people as residents leave the ward for work.



20.5% of the population is under 18 (19.5% in H&F), **61.4%** are aged 18-64 (69.9% in H&F) while **18.1%** are elderly population (10.6% in H&F).

Using the SHLAA Ward population projections, the population is estimated to increase by **3.2%** (**237 people**) by 2035. This includes a **20% (259)** increase in the population aged 65+ and a **1.5% (20)** in people aged 45-64.

Ethnicity

The ward ranks the highest on the proportion of the population describing themselves as White British (**62.6%**), and the ninth highest on proportion of 'Other White' residents (**19.3%**).

Since 2001, there has been a **27.5%** increase in the number of residents from Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) backgrounds to **2,802** in 2011; this is the lowest number in H&F.

Figure	1:	Total	Popu	lation

Ward Name	2018	2011	+/-	% change
Addison	11,166	11,518	-352	-3.1
Askew	14,483	14,160	323	2.3
Avonmore & Brook Green	11,757	12,216	-459	-3.8
College Park & Old Oak	9,129	9,175	-46	-0.5
Fulham Broadway	11,744	10,996	748	6.8
Fulham Reach	11,518	11,306	212	1.9
Hammersmith Broadway	12,750	11,923	827	6.9
Munster	10,883	11,004	-121	-1.1
North End	11,096	11,589	-493	-4.3
Palace Riverside	7,321	7,483	-162	-2.2
Parsons Green & Walham	11,042	10,813	229	2.1
Ravenscourt Park	10,717	10,785	-68	-0.6
Sands End	14,199	12,760	1,439	11.3
Shepherd's Bush Green	11,925	12,175	-250	-2.1
Town	10,934	11,201	-267	-2.4
Wormholt and White City	13,385	13,389	-4	0.0
Hammersmith & Fulham	184,049	182,493	1,556	0.9
London	8,998,679	8,173,941	824,738	10.1
England*	55,268,067	53,012,456	2,255,611	4.3

Source: GLA Population projections 2018 and *MYE population ONS 2016

Country of Birth and National identity

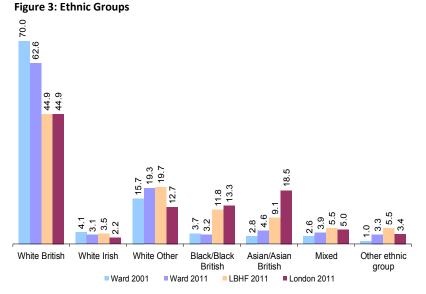
61.7% (4,616) of residents were born in England. Foreign-born residents made up **34%** of the ward population (42.7% in H&F).

France supplied most foreign-born residents (214) followed by Australia (178), Republic of Ireland (169), United States (169) and Italy (118).

13.6% of the population were born in an EU country (the fifth lowest among all wards) compared with 14.8% in H&F and 10.3% in London as a whole.

76.3% of residents identify themselves as a category that refers to a British national identity (e.g. English, Welsh, Scottish, Northern Irish and other categories associated with Britain); ranked the highest in H&F.

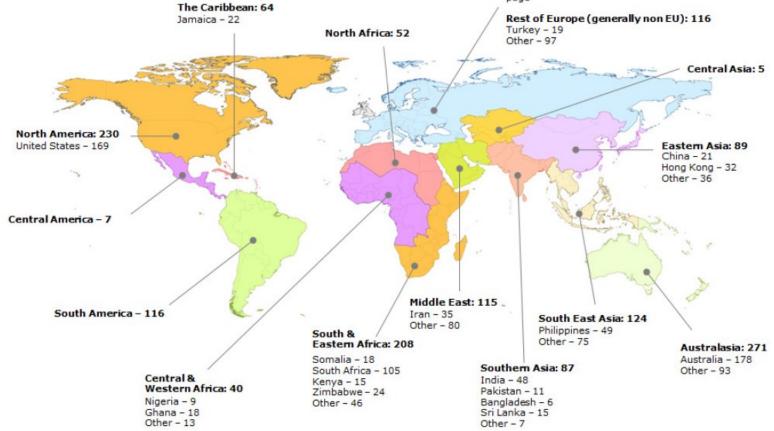
22.3% had a 'British only' national identity (ranked second lowest) while 'other identities only' account for **23.7%** of all categories (ranked the lowest in H&F).

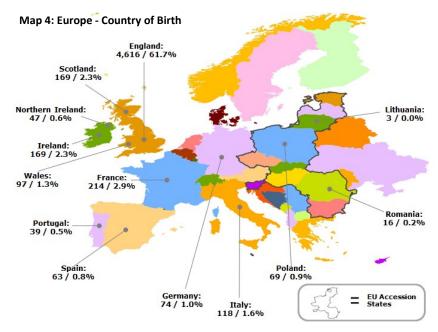


Europe (EU members in 2001): 680

EU Accession States: 168

A more detailed map of Europe is on the bottom of this page





Religion

Christians remained the largest religious group in the ward with **65%** of residents (72.3% in 2001).

There has been a **0.7** percentage point increase in the Muslim population to 240 in 2011; the lowest number in H&F.

One in five (**20.4**) residents stated as having no religion (ranked third lowest), while 8.1% did not answer the question related to religion.

There are no updates available on religion by ward, but the latest data from ONS suggest that 'Any other religion' and Muslim religion have increased most since 2011 in H&F (by **2.5** percentage points).

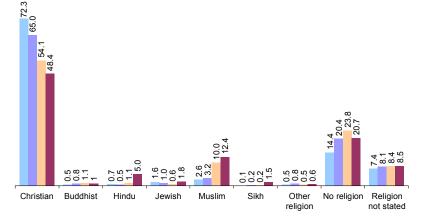
Year and Age of arrival in the UK

The ward ranked the lowest in H&F in terms of proportion of foreign born residents who have arrived in the UK since 2001 (**15.4%** of the overall population).

The ward ranked the lowest in proportion of residents whose age of arrival to the UK was between 20 and 44 (**21.5%** of all age groups) and it also ranked the lowest on proportion of foreign people who have resided in the UK for less than 5 years (**9.4%** of the overall population).

16.2% of residents in the ward hold an EU passport (the sixth lowest level among H&F wards). The ward ranked the third highest in terms of proportion of people that hold a passport of any of the North American countries as a percentage of the total population (**4.1%**), and also the eighth highest in terms of proportion of people that hold a passport of any of the Australasian countries (**4.7%**).

Figure 4: Religious groups



Household Language

80.9 % of households in the ward contain people aged 16+ who all speak English as a main language; ranked the highest among all wards (71.8% in H&F).

8.2% of households have no people that speak English as a main language (14.5% in H&F).

The main languages spoken in the ward are French (235 people), Spanish (108), Italian (91), Arabic (54), Polish (51), Portuguese (46) and German (40).

Health

87.7% of residents assess their health as 'good' or 'very good' (85.7% in H&F). 3.7% rate their health as 'bad' or 'very bad' compared to 4.9% across the borough.

In the 2011 Census, 11.3% (845) of residents reported to have a long term health problem or disability that limits their day-to-day activities; this is the fifth lowest level in the borough and a decrease of 13.8% since 2001 (the third highest).

Life expectancy in the ward is better for both the males and females than the borough and London averages with males expected to live 84.3 years and females expected to live 84.7 years.

Figure 5: Life Expectancy 2012-2014

Indicator	Ward	H&F	London
Male life expectancy	84.3	79.7	80.3
Female life expectancy	84.7	84.1	84.2
Source: ONS			

In terms of childhood obesity at reception age, 7.7% of children are estimated to be obese which is the third lowest level in the borough (H&F 9.7% and London 10.2%). Similarly, child excess weight (overweight including obesity) at 14.8% is below both the borough (21.9%) and London (22%) averages. In Year 6, 17% of children are estimated to be obese which is below the borough and London averages of 22.4% and 23% respectively. The prevalence of excess weight among children in Year 6 in the ward stands at 33%.

Age Group	Area	Number measured		% obese	Number measured	Number excess weight*	% excess weight*
Percention	Ward	104	8	7.7%	104	15	14.8%
Reception (age 4-5 years)	Hammersmith & Fulham	3,651	355	9.7%	3,887	850	21.9%
	London	269,492	27,437	10.2%	272,087	59,969	22.0%
VeerG	Ward	74	13	17.0%	74	24	33.0%
Year 6 (age 10-11)	Hammersmith & Fulham	3,365	754	22.4%	3,417	1,270	37.2%
(age 10-11)	London	231,149	53,084	23.0%	232,078	87,531	37.7%

Figure 6: Childhood Obesity and Excess Weight

Source: NCMP 2016/17 *Overweight and obese combined

School Census 2017

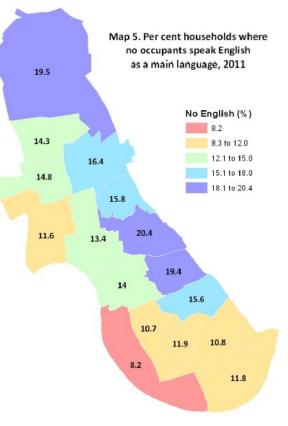
In total, there are 375 children who live in the ward and attend a school within the borough. This includes 58 children in nursery classes, 196 children in primary schools and 112 children in secondary schools. 9 children attend the borough's special schools. According to the 2011 Census there are a total of 479 school children and full-time students aged 16+ in the ward (ranked the lowest in H&F).

Figure 7: School Census Statistic

FSM	SEN	EAL
11.2	16.8	34.1
22.4	15.6	46.0
17.5	14.4	45.0
	11.2 22.4	11.216.822.415.6

Figure 8: First La	nguage (EAL)
First Language	% of pupils
French	5.0
Spanish	4.6
Italian	3.6
Somali	3.0
Polish	2.8

One of the key benefits of the school census is that it captures details on free school meals, special educational needs and the languages spoken by children. **11.2%** of pupils in the ward receive free school meals; this is below both the borough average of 22.4% and the London average of 17.5%. The percentage of pupils (16.8%) with special educational needs is higher than both the borough and London averages (15.6% and 14.4% respectively). In terms of the percentage of pupils who speak English as an additional language, the ward average of 34.1% is lower than both the borough and London averages (46% and 45% respectively). In total, pupils speak an additional 37 languages other than English with 5% speaking French, 4.6% speaking Spanish and 3.6% speaking Italian as a first language. 4



Source: ONS Census 2011

How we live

Marital Status

The ward ranks the lowest in proportion of residents who are single never married (41.9%). Proportionately fewer residents are married (41.5%) compared to the borough average (29.6%).

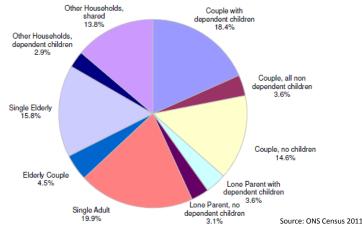
49.4% of people aged 16 and over were living as a couple (married, in a same-sex civil partnership, or are cohabiting with a partner of any sex); this is the highest level in H&F.

Household Composition

The average household size is 2.31 persons (2.19 in 2001); this compares to 2.26 persons in H&F.

The number of households has increased by 4% since 2011 to 3,372; the sixth biggest increase among all wards (H&F +4.5%).

Figure 9: Household composition



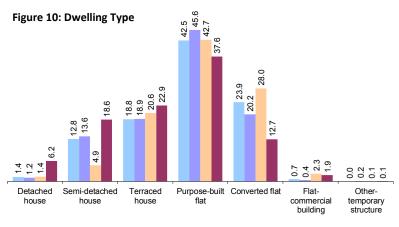
Single adult households aged under 65 are the largest group (19.9%). The proportion of single elderly households has decreased by 16.9% and elderly couple by 13% over the past 10 years to a current level of 20.3% (658) of all households.

The ward ranks the second lowest among H&F wards on the proportion of lone parent households (6.7%).

Accommodation Type

In 2011 there were 3,422 dwellings in the ward, some 91 more than in 2001. Only 0.2% of dwellings were shared between two or more households (0.3% in 2001).

The housing stock is characterised by a large proportion of flats and maisonettes (66%); ranked the eleventh highest in H&F.



Ward 2001 Ward 2011 LBHF 2011 London 2011

34.3% of all properties are with two bedrooms (ranked fourth highest) and 26% are with four or more bedrooms (ranked second).

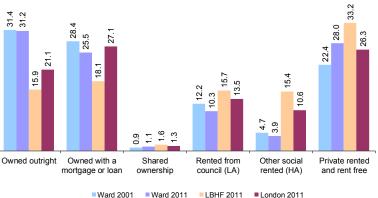
Tenure

57.8% of households are owner occupiers (ranked the highest in H&F); with a slight reduction of 2.9 percentage points from 2001.

The private rented sector (incl. rent free) accounts for 28% of households (ranked third lowest) with an increase of 5.6 percentage points since 2001.

One in seven households (14.2%) rent their home from a social housing; 10.3% rent from the Council (ranked fourth lowest) and 3.9% from Housing Associations (ranked the lowest in H&F).





Source: ONS Census 2011

Occupancy - Bedrooms

This provides a measure of whether a household's accommodation is overcrowded or under occupied.

The proportion of households that have one fewer bedroom than required was 6.5% (ranked eighth) which is below the borough average of 12.6%.

Housing Waiting List

There are 2,319 registered households on the housing waiting list in Hammersmith & Fulham including 662 on the transfer list (2,251 in 2017. 23% of non-transfer homeseeker households live outside H&F.

Majority of registered households (53%) require two bedroom properties, followed by three bedroom properties (28%).

The number of households registered on the housing waiting list in the ward stands at 27 (1.5% of all households on the list).

Property Prices

Average property prices in the borough have increased by almost 15% over the past 5 years, but in the past year have decreased by 5%.

Average price increases have ranged from 14% for flats and maisonettes to over 20% for the sales of semi-detached properties.

The average price of dwellings in the ward is £1,067,325 compared with £713k in the borough and £480k in London; this is the second highest level amongst all H&F wards.

What we do

Economic Activity

In 2011, **72.7%** of working age people aged 16-74 in the ward were economically active (working or looking for work); that was the eleventh highest rate amongst wards (74.1% in H&F). The economic activity rate for males was **80.4%** (ranked fifth) and for females was **66%** (ranked third lowest).

Employment

67.8% were in employment compared to 65.7% in H&F and 62.4% in London. **45.2%** of those were full-time employees (ranked tenth in H&F), **6.6%** were part time employees (ranked twelfth) and **16%** were self-employed (ranked the highest in H&F).

The top three methods of travel to work are underground (**34%**; ranked fourth lowest), car (**17%**; ranked the highest) and bus (**12%**; ranked fifth lowest).

In total in 2017, there were **3,800** jobs in the ward. There has been a **38.2%** increase in the number jobs between 2011 and 2017 (+12.3% in H&F). **71.4%** of employees working in the ward work full-time (72% in H&F); this is the fifth highest proportion amongst all wards.

Figure 12: Number of Jobs, BRES

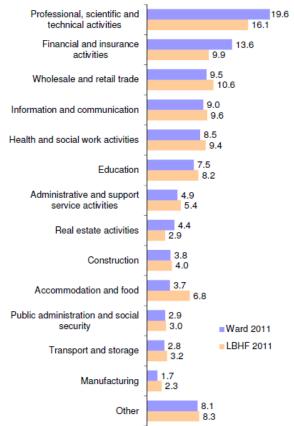
Area	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	% change 2011-2017
Ward	2,750	3,200	3,500	3,500	3,600	3,850	3,800	38.2
Hammersmith & Fulham	122,450	127,000	127,500	128,000	135,500	139,500	137,500	12.3

Industry of Employment

The professional, scientific and technical activities sector is the largest source of employment with **19.6%** (ranked fourth). This is followed by the financial and insurance services sector at **13.6%** (ranked fourth) and the wholesale and retail trade sector at **9.5%** (ranked twelfth).

The ward ranked sixth highest in terms of the population employed in the information and communication sector (**9%**).

Figure 13: Employed by industry of occupation



Occupation

22.3% of the employed population were working as managers, directors and senior officials (ranked first), while **29%** were working in the professional occupations (ranked sixth).

3.2% were working in the elementary occupation; ranked last (6.7% in H&F), and **8.8%** were working in the administrative and secretarial occupations; ranked second last (9.6% in H&F).

Economic Inactivity

27.3% were economically inactive residents (permanently sick or disabled, looking after family/home, retired and some students); (H&F 26% and London 28.3%). **26%** of these economically inactive residents are students (31.5% in H&F).

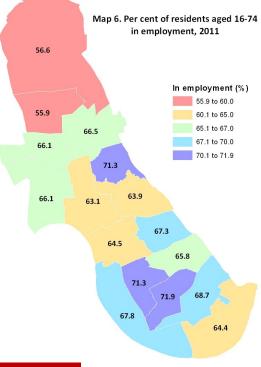
Unemployment

From the 2011 Census **2.9%** of residents aged 16-74 were unemployed and looking for work (ranked the lowest in H&F). Unemployment in the ward has improved since the start of 2013. In March 2018, there were **6,250** Universal Credit claimants in H&F (4.5% of the working age population).

Key out-of-work benefits consist of four groups: job seekers, ESA and incapacity benefits, lone parents and others on income related benefits. In 2017, **3.6%** of the working age population in the ward were on out-of-work benefits which is below both the borough and London averages (at 7.5% and 7.2% respectively).

Provision of Unpaid Care

8.1% of the population provide informal care, up from 7.7% in 2001; this is the third highest proportion in the borough. 71% were giving less than 20 hours care a week (ranked third), 13% provided between 20 to 49 hours (ranked thirteenth) and 16% provided 50 or more hours (ranked second lowest).



Household Income

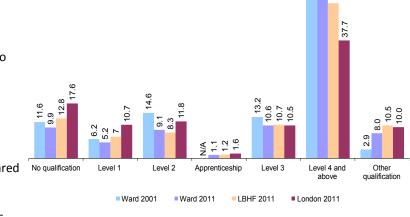
The average gross household income (including investment income and social security benefits) in the ward is **£61,709** per annum (£50.2k in H&F and £45.2k in London).

17.5% of households depend on less than £25,000pa compared to 28% for the borough as a whole. Nearly a third (**30.4%**) of households in the ward have a combined annual gross income of over £75k compared to 18.8% of households across the borough.

Qualifications and Skills for Life

9.9% of adults have no formal qualification (ranked tenth) compared No qualification to 12.8% in H&F and 17.6% in London.

56.2% have a level 4 qualification-degree level (ranked fifth) compared to 49.6% in H&F.



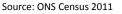


Figure 14: Highest level of qualification

In 2011 the Office of National Statistics conducted a Skills for life survey across the country and using modelling techniques they have developed local level area estimates of the number and proportion of adults living in households with defined **skill levels**. The figure 15 contains estimates of the proportion of adults who have the following skills at entry level or below. Entry level is the lowest level in the national qualification framework in England. Qualifications at this level recognise basic knowledge and skills and the ability to apply learning in everyday situations under direct guidance and supervision.

Across the different measures the proportion of adults at entry level (and below) is **below** both borough and London averages. For adults who don't speak English as a first language, the proportion is also **below** the borough average.

Figure 15: Skills for life estimates

Area	Entry Level and Below							
Alea	Literacy	Numeracy	Email	Word Processing	Spreadsheets	ESOL		
Ward	11.3	34.1	28.0	45.6	53.2	16.2		
Hammersmith and Fulham	15.2	42.3	36.2	54.0	59.9	21.8		
London	28.2	52.7	42.2	61.2	69.8	33.9		
Source: ONS Skills for life survey, 2011								

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Educational Attainment

In 2016-17, **42.3%** of pupils achieved an average attainment 8 score and **39%** of pupils achieved 9-4 grades in English and Maths only. Both these figures are below both the borough and London averages.

Figure 16: Educational Attainment KS4 2016-17

•	of KS4 with average Attainment 8 Score	achieving 9-4 in English and Maths GCSEs only
36	42.3	39.0
1,311	46.4	62.5
75,472	44.3	60.1
	End of KS4 36 1,311	End of KS4 Attainment 8 Score 36 42.3 1,311 46.4

Source: DfE

In 2016-17, the overall absence rate in schools was 3.4% which was below both the borough and London rate.

Figure 17: School Absence

A	Enrolments	Overall Absence	Authorised Absence	Unauthorised Ab-
Area	in All Schools	in All Schools	in All Schools	sence in All Schools
Ward	270	3.4	2.5	0.9
Hammersmith and Fulham	10,347	4.4	3.2	1.2
London	923,360	4.5	3.3	1.2
Source: DfF				

Source: DfE

In 2016-17, the rate of the first year Higher Education (HE) enrolment in the ward was **165.8** per 1,000 18-24s which was above both the borough rate at 86.1 and the London rate at 102.2.

Figure 18: HE Enrolments

Area	Rate per 1,000 18-24s	Number HE Enrolments
Ward	165.8	67
Hammersmith and Fulham	86.1	1,483
London	102.2	78,655
Source: HESA		

Where we live

Deprivation

The index of multiple deprivation is a relative measure of deprivation which ranks small areas nationally by different deprivation dimensions. The ward is made up of 5 Lower Super Output Areas (LSOAs) and it has been measured as **less deprived** than in 2010 and 2007.

The most deprived area (E01001917) is only among the **60% most deprived** nationally. The areas E01001915 and E01001918 are in the 60 to 70% most deprived nationally. The two remaining LSOAs rank in the 70-90% most deprived nationally.

Figure 19: IMD National Banding - most deprived

Ward LSOAs	Overall IMD Banding		Income Deprivation Affecting Older Peo- ple Index (IDAOP)
E01001917	50-60%	60-70%	20-30%
E01001915	60-70%	90-100%	40-50%
E01001918	60-70%	50-60%	30-40%
E01001919	70-80%	70-80%	70-80%
E01001916	80-90%	80-90%	90-100%

Within the Index there are seven 'domains' and the highest scores for the ward are in the **Living Environment, Crime** and **Barriers to Housing and Services** domains, in that order.

1 out of 5 LSOAs falls within the worst 60% deprived nationally on Income Deprivation Affecting Children (**IDACI**) domain, and 2 out of 5 LSOAs fall within the worst 40% nationally on Income Deprivation Affecting Older People (**IDAOPI**) domain.

Index of Multiple Deprivation 2015 FULHAM REACH Percentage ranking within 10% most depr 10-20% 20-30% 30-40% 40-50% 50-60% 60-70% 70-80% 80-90% lease deprived MUNSTER TOWN PARSONS GREEN ND WAI HAI PALACE RIVERSIDE

Digital Inclusion

H&F residents use the internet more compared to the national average. More households in H&F Council homes have a tablet computer compared to the national average. **6.5%** of residents in the ward that **don't use internet** which is lower than the borough average of 8.5%. This ranges from **1%** for 16-34 age group, to **36%** for 65+.

Customer Segmentation

The complexity of the demographics of the ward can easily be seen in the following map that displays the Mosaic customer segmentation dataset. Segmentation work suggests that the two predominant customer segmentations in the ward are: **Prosperous Settled Young Professionals** (32%) - displayed in light blue on the map and **Well Off Families in High Value Homes** (25%) - displayed in light green on the map.

Around 5% of residents are classified as coming from **Deprived Families in Public Housing** (17% in H&F) which is displayed in red on the map. This segment is clustered around one location in the ward; with the area covering Robert Owen House.

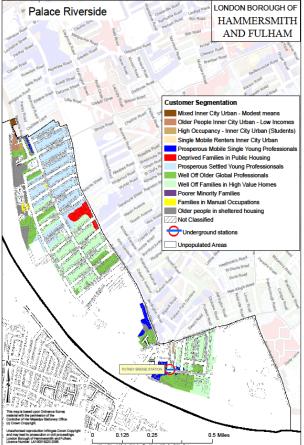
Green Space

54.7% of the ward area is classified as open space and green area; this compares to 21.1% in H&F and 39.1% in London as a whole. **75.2%** of households within wards have easy access to at least one open space and 61.5% have easy access to local parks.

Public Transport Accessibility and Car Ownership

Public Transport Accessibility Level (PTAL) is a measure which rates locations by distance from frequent public transport services. In the ward that score is **3.1** which is lower than both the borough and regional averages at 4.7 and 3.8 respectively.

There are **87** cars per 100 households in the ward compared to 54 in the borough and 82 in London. **36%** of households do not have access to a car or van (55% in H&F and 42% in London).



Crime

All recorded crime has been rising across the borough over the last four years (+4% in year to 2017-18). The ward has seen a 7.8% decrease in total notifiable offences in the last year; this is the fourth highest decrease amongst all wards.

There were 559 crime committed (76.3 per 1,000 residents) which ranks the ward fourth lowest in H&F.

In 2016-17, the rate of all recorded crime per 1,000 population was 83.3 in the ward compared to 117 across the borough.

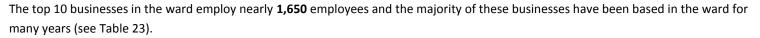
Table 20: Crime Categories 2017-18

	Ward		Hammersmith and Fulham	
	No.	Rate	No.	Rate
Burglary	66	9.0	2092	11.4
Criminal Damage	28	3.8	1336	7.3
Drugs	79	10.8	935	5.1
Other Notifiable Offences	8	1.1	413	2.2
Robbery	21	2.9	660	3.6
Sexual Offences	8	1.1	380	2.1
Theft & Handling	225	30.7	9476	51.5
Violence Against The Person	124	16.9	6294	34.2
Source: Met Police				

The most high volume crimes in the ward during the last financial year have been 'Theft & Handling' (225), 'Violence Against the Person' (124) and Drug offences (79).

Most crime types have seen a smaller rates per 1,000 population in the ward compared to the H&F average. Those include: Theft & Handling (20.8 percentage points difference), Violence Against The Person (17.3 percentage points difference), Criminal Damage (3.5 percentage point difference) and Burglary offences (2.4 percentage points difference).

Top Businesses



Office administrative and business support is the main industrial sector in the ward employing 820 people; this is followed by Sports and recreation activities (531), Other professional, scientific and technical activities (296), Education (239), Retail sale (225) and Travel agency and tour operator activities (192).

Table 23: Top 10 employers by employment size

Position	Company Name	Employee No.	Sector
1	Clarion Events Ltd	317	Organisation of conventions and trade shows
2	The Hurlingham Club	301	Beverage serving activities
3	Fulham Football Club	288	Football Clubs
4	Scott Dunn Ltd	140	Tour operator activities
5	Sweaty Betty Ltd	125	Retail sale of sporting equipment
6	The Research Partnership Ltd	120	Market research and public opinion polling
7	Elements Personnel Services Ltd	94	Temporary employment agency activities
8	Black Sun Plc	87	Management consultancy activities
9	TBAP Trust	85	Primary education
10	Market Recruitment Ltd	83	Other professional, scientific and technical activities

12.0 Rate per 1,000 population 10.0 8.0 6.0 4.0 2.0 0.0 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 Ward Hammersmith and Fulham ······ Linear (Ward) London

Anti-social Behaviour

Anti-social behaviour (ASB) levels are generally low in the ward with 70 incidents being recorded on ReACT since June 2013. This totals just 2.7% of all ASB incidents recorded on the system over this time period.

The ASB incident rate per 1,000 population is 9.6 (the sixth lowest in H&F). Noise was the most frequent incident followed by Harassment / Verbal Abuse and Substance Misuse.

Table 22: Rate of Anti-Social Behaviour, 2013-2018

Ward	Incidents	Rate per 1,000 pop	Rank (1=Best)
Addison	138	12.4	9
Askew	157	10.8	7
Avonmore and Brook Green	96	8.2	3
College Park and Old Oak	34	3.7	2
Fulham Broadway	135	11.5	8
Fulham Reach	213	18.5	13
Hammersmith Broadway	158	12.4	10
Munster	96	8.8	4
North End	252	22.7	14
Palace Riverside	70	9.6	6
Parsons Green and Walham	100	9.1	5
Ravenscourt Park	32	3.0	1
Sands End	216	15.2	12
Shepherd's Bush Green	297	24.9	15
Town	145	13.3	11
Wormholt and White City	471	35.2	16
Source: ReACT H&F			

Other large employers in the ward are: Hillsong Church London, Brightwells Academy Trust, Fulham Palace Trust, My Family Care Ltd, Whitbread PLC, All Saints C of E Primary School, Imagine Travel Ltd, The Moat School Ltd.

Figure 21: All Recorded Crimes

14.0